

Please contact rbadgett@kumc.edu for permission to use any slides

The synergy of well-being, innovation, mission: an opportunity

Bob Badgett

Professor Emerit

University of Kansas School of Medicine – Wichita

QR code removed

<https://ebmgt.github.io/presentation/>

A management question

Your clinical unit has found that a key clinical indicator is in the 40th percentile nationally. Your sense is that your colleagues in your area are engaged but generally frustrated. The last well-being survey was conducted over a year ago.

The relevant chairs, administrators, and managers should first focus on:

- 1, Clinical measures first
- 2, Well-being first
- 3, Both concerns together
- 4, Neither - focus on other pressing issues

Results...

Report
([hyperlink removed](#))

Skiing at Tallgrass Prairie Preserve,
Kansas

No lift lines, no avalanches



Proposal:

Well-being & mission goals can be synergistic

Depending on how they are managed...

The ***problem*** of well-being becomes the ***opportunity*** of well-being.

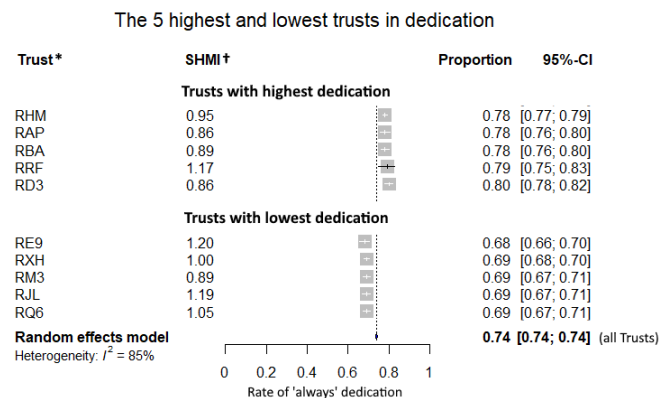
Evidence for the synergy

Mayo clinic

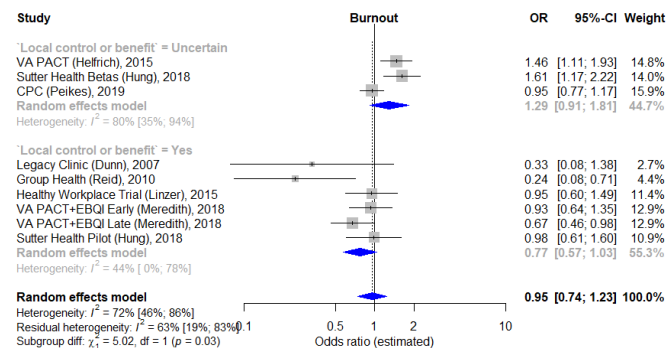
NHS: large scale

Meta-analysis & Sutter

Image removed



Notes:
* Trust organisational code
† Summary Hospital-level Mortality Indicator



Our experience:

Plot removed

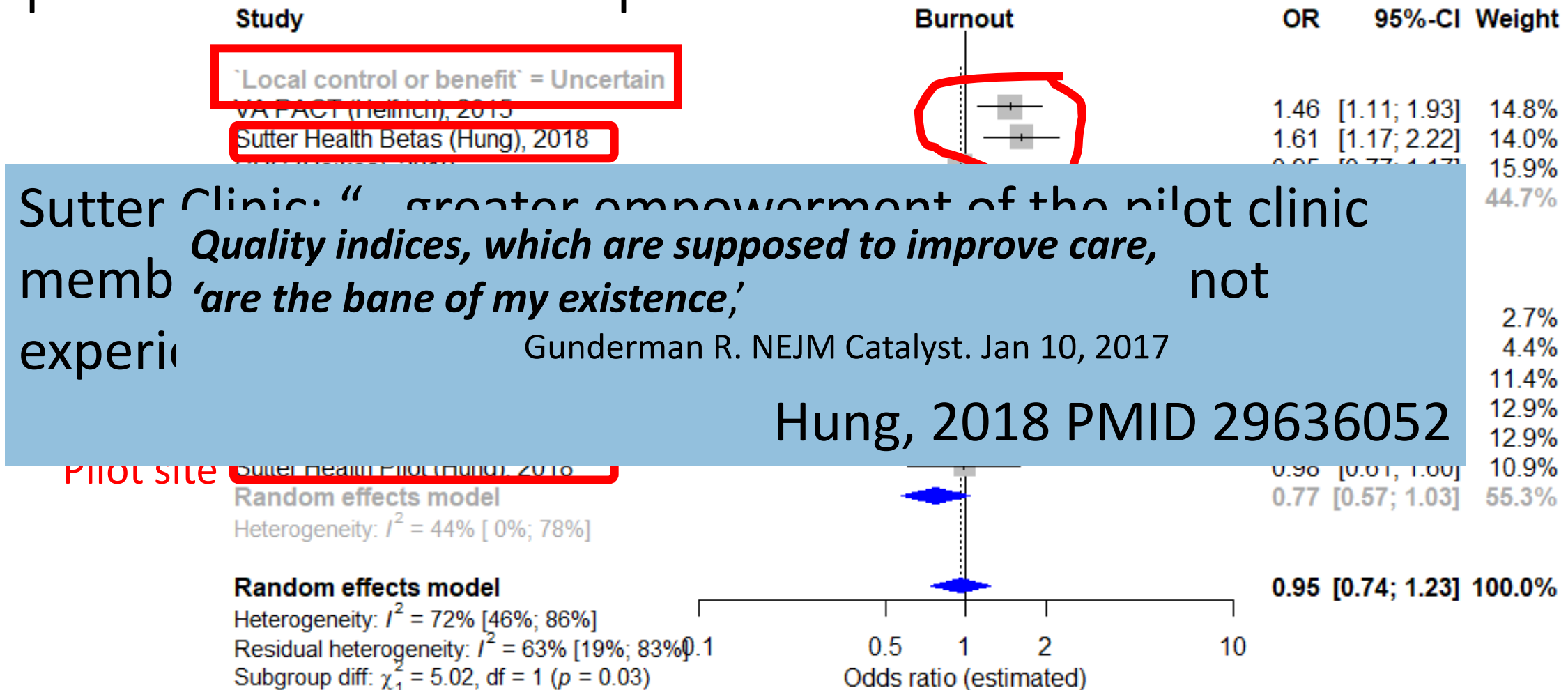
Hospital Workforce Engagement and

Input-Output Productivity

So...

- Preliminary
 - Well-being and clinical goals can travel together...even if causation not definite
 - But *how* to make the association
- “often associated with 4.5% lower SHMI”
- SHMI improvement associated with engagement ↑

QI projects for mission goals: impact front-line empowerment



Mayo Clinic includes empowering QI projects for struggling work units: burnout decrease

- For “high opportunity work units” (high burnout + low sat)
- Objectives: remove “pebbles” & inefficiencies identified by the front lines.
- Lots of support in executing the QI, including management
 - “consulting team” meets with work unit leaders
 - And more...
- In their first year,
 - 7 of 7 reduced burnout with a median drop of 11% ($p = 0.016$)
 - 6 of 7 no longer “High opportunity” ($p = 0.125$)

Image removed

Shanafelt, Noseworthy. Mayo Clin Proc 2017 PMID 27871627

Test of your visual acuity:

Instructions for enabling QI from the Mayo article

Our clinic:
Intent-based
leadership

Plot of QI measures achieved, burnout, and engagement over time removed

Objectives

- Well-being and mission goals are synergistic
- Well-being *and* mission should be serially measured
- Burnout is only the first target in well-being. Measure in *everyone*:
 - Burnout, satisfaction, engagement
 - Learning/improvement (“thriving”), eg innovation
- Supporting managers is eventually essential
 - Structured, yearly *private* feedback from workforce surveys with specific guidance and interventions if needed

Agenda

- Basic science
- Diagnosis
- Treatment

Basic science

1. Synergy between well-being and org mission
2. Its not invented here syndrome
3. There is more to well-being than burnout in docs
4. Antecedents to well-being
5. Management strategies



San Juan Mountains from Victor, CO

Basic science:

2. “Its not invented here syndrome”

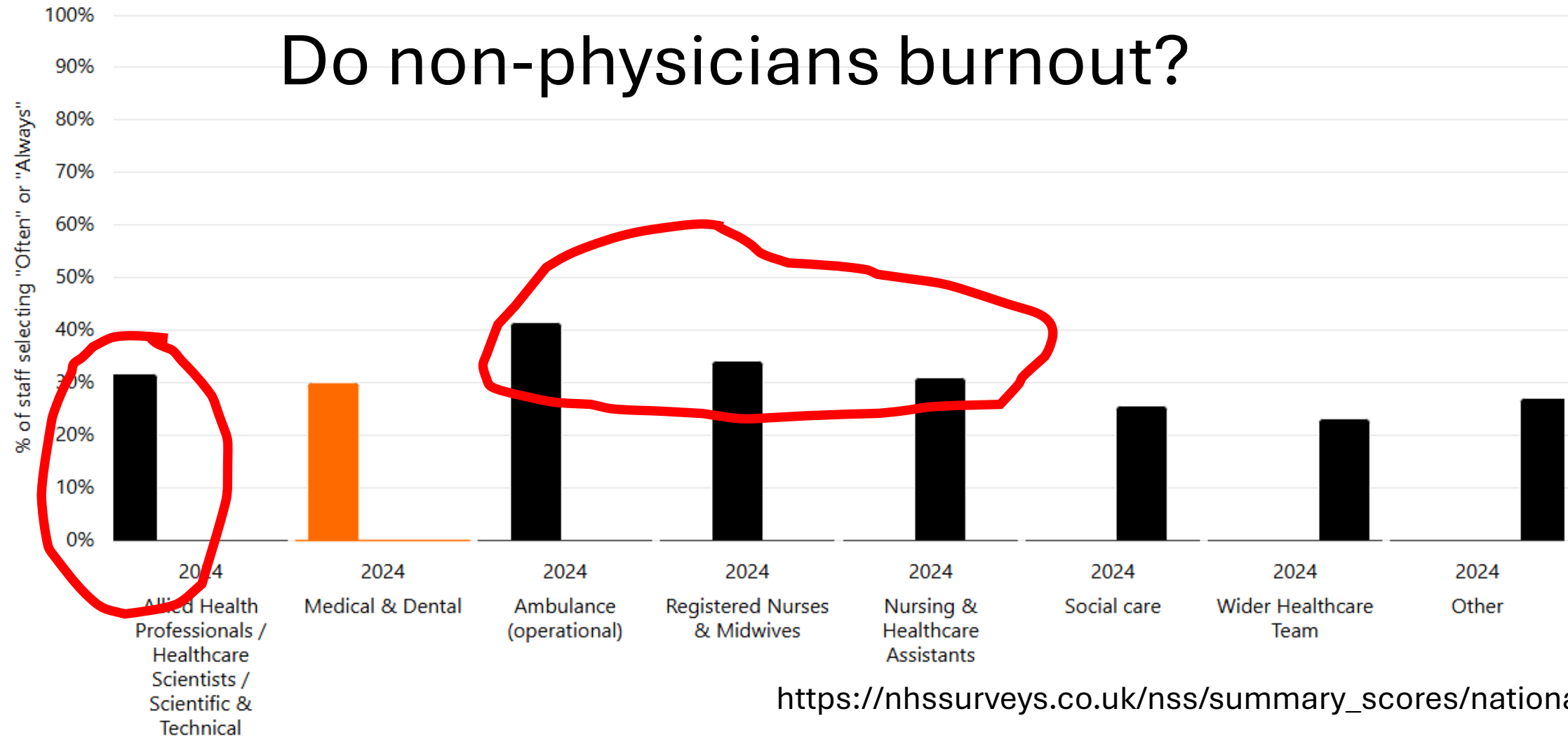
- ***Healthcare well-being makes up concepts and surveys on a whim*** without reviewing pre-existing business studies. “Jingle-jangle fallacy”.
 - “Thriving” should add to engagement: improve/learn (Spreitzer, 2007)
 - the link between well-being and org mission

Myers et al. Treating the “Not-Invented-Here Syndrome” in
Medical Leadership
Acad Med. 2019. PMID: 31274525

- ***Business scholars have a crazy pathway to publish and disseminate.***

Basic Science:

3. More to well-being than burnout in docs:



There's
more than

States, constructs	Validated or commonly used questions
Proactive:	I am constantly looking for ways to do my job better. (FEVS, 2017) I recommend my organization as a good place to work. (FEVS, current)
Need for ongoing learning/improvement:	
• 2024[pdat]: 1.7 million articles	
• CFR Title 42: 19% of sections edited in 2024	
NIOSH, APA, NHS	to work. Absorption: I am immersed* in my work.
Satisfaction GSS, NIOSH, APA, others	“All in all, how satisfied would you say you are with your job?
Burnout	“Using your own definition of " burnout "...

See:

<https://ebmgt.github.io/survey-compendium/> (based on validity, benchmarks, permissive copyrights)



**Image removed. A grid of:
Burnout: counts of departments in quartiles**

Shows relationship between engagement and burnout

Slide used with
permission of
Valerie Dandar

Basic science:

4. Antecedents to engagement and burnout

Engagement: self-determination
theory (motivation)

Ryan and Deci
& Van den Broek
Kahn. Engagement

*Pink [citing G
Csikszentmihalyi
†Moss-Kanter

This summary
with:
Phipps-Taylor,
Carol Ryff, 2011

Burnout: Job-demands resources
model

Demerouti, 2001

Membership†

Purpose* or
Meaning†

Burnout

- Demands vs resources

Engagement

- Autonomy and the three Ms
 - Mastery, meaningfulness, membership

Demands
model of
burnout

Resources
model of
burnout

Proactivity Sense of
responsibility Advocacy Retention

Basic science:

5. Focus on management - why

- Management scores associate with dept well-being rates
 - Satisfaction inconsistently:
 - 47% of variation (Mayo Clinic. Shanafelt 2017 PMID 27871627)
 - Insignificant (U Ottawa. Spilg 2025 PMID 40034467)
 - Burnout consistently:
 - 11% of variation (Mayo Clinic. Shanafelt 2017 PMID 27871627)
 - 14% of variation (U Ottawa. Spilg 2025 PMID 40034467)
- AAMC: influence on burnout
 - *Dept* > School > Specialty (Badgett et al. SGIM National Meeting 2023)

Management is hard

- Competing demands
- Competing tactics: decisiveness/charisma vs inclusiveness
- Midlevel management is harder
 - Microsoft found that 74% of managers "say they don't have the influence or resources to make change for employees," "54% of managers say leadership is out of touch with employees", and concluded, "Managers feel wedged between leadership and employee expectations."
 - Lower well-being among mid-level leaders than high-level leaders and non-management (Hu, 2023; Macias-Velásquez, 2019. PMID 31027210)

Self-assessment of a skill correlates with having the skill: Dunning-Kruger effect

- Managers rated low by their direct reports tend to *overestimate* their own management skills

- Ma
- Als

Does self-assessment affect
management pursuit & selection?

(39)

Basic science:

3. Focus on management – how

- Lets send managers to management/leadership training courses
 - Only helps the course participant advance in the organization (Strauss. 2013 PMID 23524921
 - Maybe newer approaches have evolved
 - Pfeffer, Jeffry. Chapter 8. Fixing Leadership Failures: You Can Handle the Truth. Leadership BS, 2015

Basic science:

Supporting management with complexity theory

Complexity leadership theory is
a group of management approaches
appropriate for complex organizations that
need ongoing innovation to meet mission
goals

(recall the flood of yearly research and CFR)

Complexity leadership theory: methods

Support the adaptive space via

- Community building
- **Information** gathering
- **Information** sensemaking
- **Information** using/distributing
- Linking and brokering (Uhl-Bien, 2017)
- Administrative

Hazy, Uhl-Bien.

Towards operationalizing complexity and enabling
leadership. Leadership 2015

Our modern organizations
are too complex for
Napoleons and Caesars to
lead alone. Enable others
to participate.

Complexity leadership theory: Implementations

- Enabling leadership (Uhl-Bien, 2007)
 - Helping local “entrepreneurs” introduce innovations in an “adaptive space”
 - Broker tension between innovation and operations
 - See YouTube link at <https://ebmgt.github.io/presentation/>
- Gardener leadership (McCrystal). For executive-level leadership
- Intent-based leadership (Marquet). For mid-level leadership
- Agile – more to come
- Positive deviance – much more to come

Complexity leadership:
Evidence for Bright-spotting (Positive
Deviance) to support managers

Glassdoor.com online job reviews



A

Ar

Si

Si

Si

Co

So

So

Ar

Re

☐☒

Glassdoor “overall rating” by federal employees (FEVS) correlates with formal measures of job sat ($r = 0.52$) which in turn correlates with

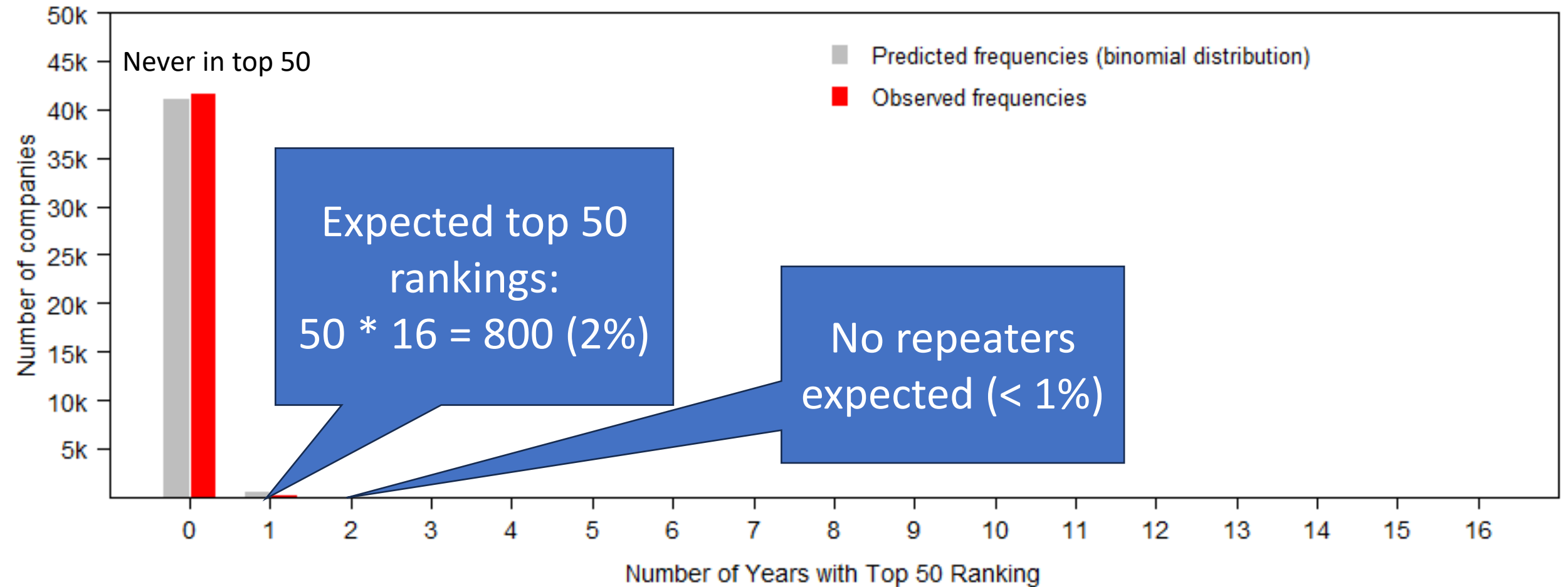
- work engagement ($r = 0.40$ to 0.59)⁷
- emotional exhaustion ($r = 0.42$)⁸

Landers R, Brusso R, Auer E. Crowdsourcing Job Satisfaction Data: Examining the Construct Validity of Glassdoor.com Ratings. PAD. 2019. Available from: <https://scholarworks.bgsu.edu/pad/vol5/iss3/6/>

[PDF] Employee satisfaction and corporate performance: Mining employee reviews on **glassdoor.com**: <https://scholarworks.bgsu.edu/pad/vol5/iss3/6/>

N Luo, Y Zhou, J Shon - 2016 - core.ac.uk

Distribution of top 50 rankings of 42k large companies over 16 years



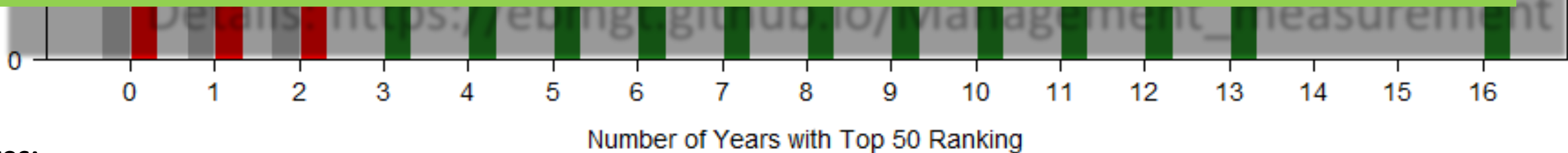
Distribution of top 50 rankings of 42k large Bright-spotting via serial surveys of well-being and perception of management:

- Google
- Microsoft
- Mayo

Enough for basic science,
moving on...

Details: https://epmgt.gitnub.io/ivmanagement_measurement

Number of companies (log scale)



Notes:

More than luck: of 301 companies ever in the Top 50, repeating (155) and streaks (118) both much more than chance ($< 1\%$)
Distribution: power law with an exponential cutoff (PLC)

Diagnosis



Hill Country near San Antonio TX

Survey serially: workforce well-being and perception of management

- Annual, but maybe biennial
- *Whether you use in-house or a vendor, include questions for*

- Burnout (S)
- Satisfaction
- Engagement
- Thriving/le
- Management (Google's survey is free to use)

**More on analyses later
in interventions**

- (Key antecedents may already be in your survey)
- Question bank and my survey (RedCap)
 - <https://ebmgt.github.io/survey-compendium>
- Most vendors let you add ~5 questions which can work very well

Treatment - interventions

Community building

The Mayo leadership team:

- Swensen, Medical Director for Leadership and Organization Development
- Shanafelt, Director of the Program on Physician Well-being
- Noseworthy, CEO (coauthored with Shanafelt a key Mayo article on org change)

CEO Noseworthy: 'CEO performance scorecards always include financial and quality measures, *but mine also has staff engagement, satisfaction, and burnout measures that are reported up to the board of trustees.*'

(Wright & Katz. NEJM, 2018)

Notes:

- Microsoft did not enter the top 50 until 3 yrs after their controversial CEO was replaced in 2014
- The Mayo did not have another streak after their three key leaders left 2017-2018

Bright-spotting: Steps

1. Heterogeneity with forest plots (blinded/anonymous)
 - Tells you if bright-spotting is appropriate in your setting
2. Identify antecedents / factors with path analyses
3. Structured interviews with lit searches as needed

Quiet success

1. Bright-spotting:

Bu Bright and hot spots are
and **not** identified internally nor externally
AMCS

SIBOQ 22% \approx MBI 34%

Forest plot with heterogeneity removed

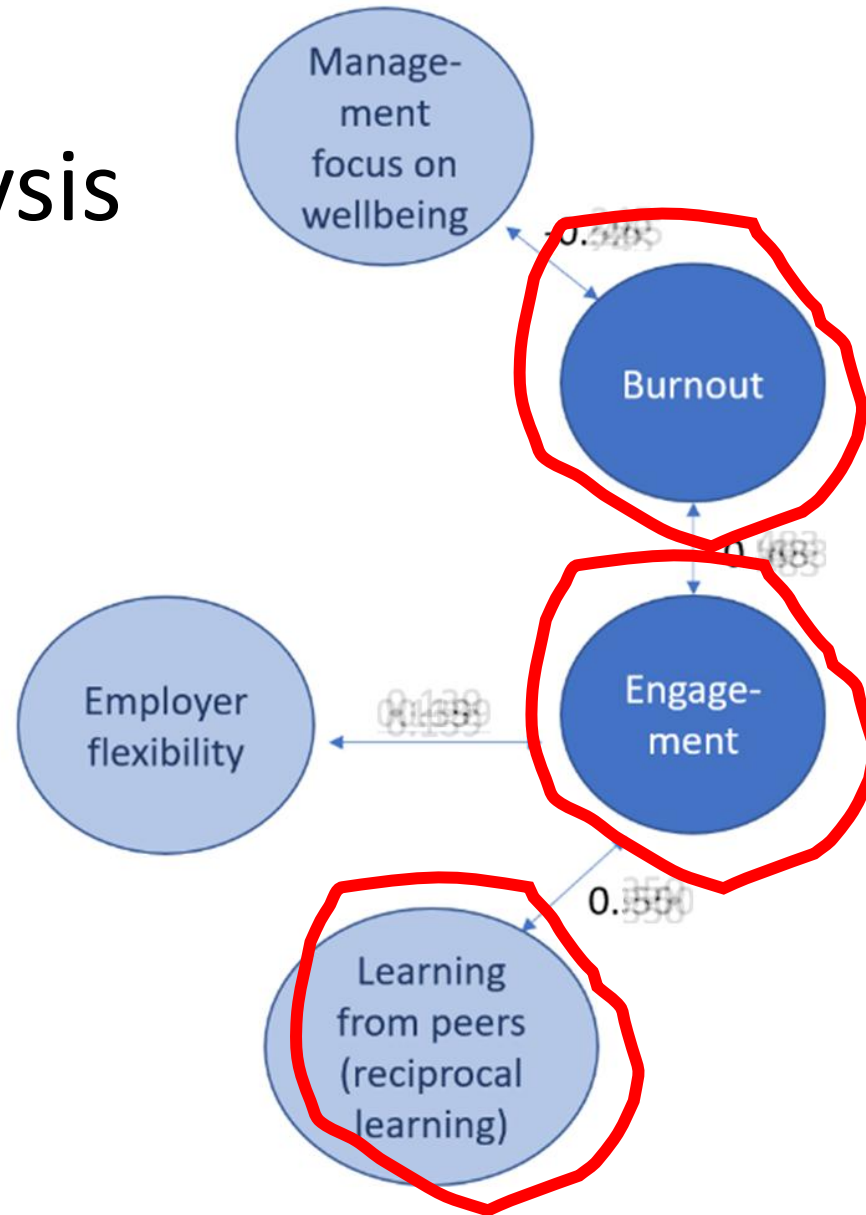
$17.75 + \text{SIBOQ rate} \times 0.73$
Hagan, 2024 PMID 38424346

Slide used with permission
of Valerie Dandar, AAMC

2. Path analysis

Key:

Numbers are beta-coefficients.



Tactics used in this work unit.

1. "Pause for purpose". This tactic efficiently and simultaneously fosters purpose, membership, mastery, reciprocal learning, and even autonomy. This is a pause at start of meetings in which accomplishments, small or larger, that lead explicitly to the unit's vision statement are mentioned. The manager may seed by announcing a few recent achievements, small or large in the unit. However, the manager allows continuation of the pause to encourage others in the unit to acknowledge others. Ideally, acknowledgements are made by the lowest level aware of the achievement as part of a general encouragement to "decentralize accountability and acknowledgement". This unit uses in person meetings more than email for commendations.

Maps: autonomy, meaningfulness, membership, mastery, **reciprocal learning**

Structured interviews bright/hot spots guided by antecedents & lit search

Positive deviance example (Mayo & Freeland): *anyone's* career development at the annual review

- Although the Mayo does not label their work as bright spotting, their methods are consistent
 - Shanafelt et al. ...Using the Annual Review to Reduce Burnout and Promote Engagement. Am J Med Qual 2017 PMID: 28651438
 - Freeland et al. Three Good Questions for Faculty and Their Mentors... Acad Med 2025 PMID: 39983044
1. Are you doing what you love? (at least 20% time)
 2. Are you making it count twice?
 3. Are you staying focused?

Additional, smaller interventions to consider

1. Empower innovation via “enabling” QI
2. Positive deviance on a smaller scale
 - a. EHR optimization
3. Learning community...

Enabling QI projects: Mayo as an example

- Recall that Mayo's empowering QI associates with ↓ burnout
- Enhance with
 - AMA STEPS forward expansion of the Mayo
 - Stanford's "100 Quality Improvement Projects in 1000 Days" with AGILE and includes documenting/tracking on Teams, etc
- Can help clinical sites learn QI and later tackle larger projects
- Links at <https://ebmgt.github.io/presentation/>

Image of Stanford.xlsx removed

2. Bright-spotting on a smaller scale: UKHS EHR survey (KLAS) results

- Clinician perception of the EHR's "Efficiency of care"
 - Sig heterogeneity (I^2) across depts
- Positive deviant depts had higher
 - 'Attending' as the person who helps the dept EHR optimization
- Add "job crafting" & "knowledge sharing"

Results shared with permission of Keith Sale





Local Level Support: EMR Provider Optimization

**Image of organizational chart
focusing on EHR liaisons for each
clinical department removed**

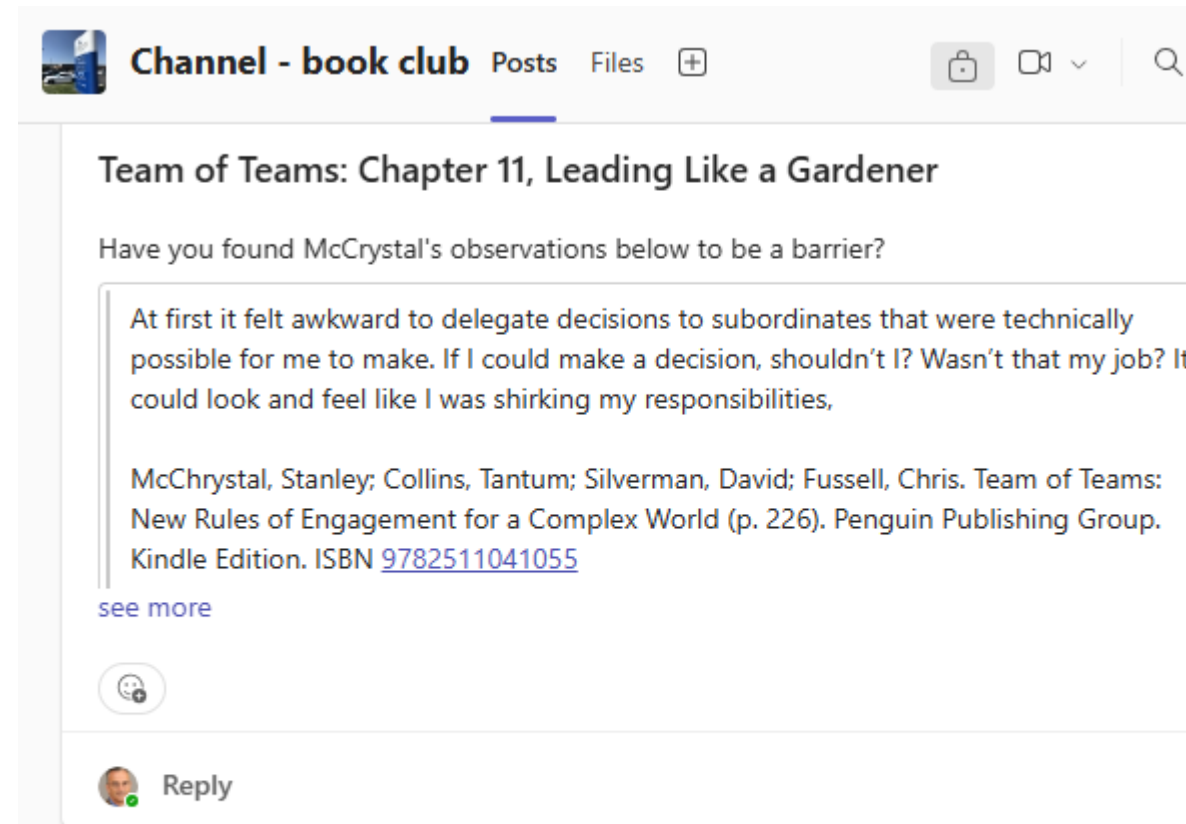
Slide used with
permission of
Ling Chu,
UT Southwestern

Learning communities

Virtual book/articles club on Teams for managers at all levels.

Chapters/articles from

- Team of Teams
(Gardner leadership for large groups)
- Turn this Ship Around
(Intent-based leadership for smaller groups)
- Bock (Google's positive deviance)
- Articles like Freland's on annual career development
- Seed questions
 - <https://ebmgt.github.io/presentation/>



The screenshot shows a Microsoft Teams interface for a channel named "Channel - book club". The channel has tabs for "Posts" and "Files". A post titled "Team of Teams: Chapter 11, Leading Like a Gardener" is displayed. The post content asks, "Have you found McChrystal's observations below to be a barrier?" and includes a quote: "At first it felt awkward to delegate decisions to subordinates that were technically possible for me to make. If I could make a decision, shouldn't I? Wasn't that my job? It could look and feel like I was shirking my responsibilities,". Below the quote, the source is cited: "McChrystal, Stanley; Collins, Tatum; Silverman, David; Fussell, Chris. Team of Teams: New Rules of Engagement for a Complex World (p. 226). Penguin Publishing Group. Kindle Edition. ISBN 9782511041055". A "see more" link is present. At the bottom, there is a "Reply" button with a user profile picture.

Last suggestion, reverse the order if preferred

- First, do easier interventions
 - EHR optimization via liaison support using bright spots
 - Book/journal clubs at executive and midlevel
 - Career development at annual reviews (Mayo & Freeland)
- Then, after a year or so
 - Manager support using bright spots
 - Enabling QI using Mayo + Stanford methods

**Or, as discussed in questions at the end of the presentation:
Identify a Dept in your organization to be an “early adopter” per
Everett Rogers’ Theory of Dissemination of Innovation**

Conclusions

- View well-being and mission as a synergy
- Measure/monitor in all personnel
 - Burnout
 - Satisfaction
 - Engagement
 - Learning/improvement
- Supporting managers
- Additional interventions

Thanks to many colleagues

**Feedback and more detail AT
QR code**

QR code removed